

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

to supporting volunteers' families, by levying a state tax for that purpose.

res which the federal forces expect to steal and form into regiments, have been prepared as a portion of the stores of an expedition from Cairo, to start up the Cumberland and Tennessee rivers.

col. Kit Carson is in command of the
troops at Albuquerque.

nts, 10 Cents, 10 Cents, 10 Cents.
at TALLMAN & COLLINS'.
WARRANTEE DEEDS FOR SALE

City Orders for Sale
in small quantities, at a discount.
McKEY & BRO.,
r 6th, 1861. sep-111

of these "Bull Run" Lamp Shades
WHEELER'S,
144 Main Street.
KINDS OF PRINTING
EXECUTED AT HIS OFFICE

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Arrival and Departure of Mails

At the Janesville Post Office, from and after Nov. 14th, 1861:

Arrive.	Close.	Depart.
Chicago, through, 10:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:30 P. M.
Madison, through, 12:40 P. M.	1:40 P. M.	2:40 P. M.
Bellevue and way, 2:50 P. M.	3:50 P. M.	4:50 P. M.
Madison, through, 5:00 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	7:00 P. M.
Bellevue and way, 7:10 P. M.	8:10 P. M.	9:10 P. M.
Overland mail from Janesville to Madison and Milwaukee, Tuesday and Friday at 7 P. M.; close Tuesday and Saturday at 4 A. M.		

J. M. HUGGESS, Postmaster.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—E. J. GOSWELL, Pastor. Sabbath services, 10:45 A. M. and 7 P. M. Lectures, Wednesday evening. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening. **PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.**—Geo. C. HERRMAN, Pastor. Services every Sabbath at 10:45 A. M. and 7 P. M. **UNITED METHODIST CHURCH.**—H. W. SPALDING, Pastor. Sabbath services at 10:45 A. M. and 7 P. M. **METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.**—T. H. JAMES, Pastor. Sabbath services, 10:45 A. M. and 7 P. M. **ST. CATHARINE'S (Catholic).**—Corner Cherry and Holmes street. Masses, 8 o'clock. Services at 9 A. M. and 10:45 A. M. Vespers at 3 P. M.

A New Arrangement.

On the 1st of next January a change will be made in the proprietorship of the Gazette Office by the withdrawal of Mr. Bowen. This change will render absolutely necessary a settlement of the subscriptions and other accounts due the present firm. We hope our friends will give this matter their immediate attention, and leave as few debts as possible for settlement after the change is made. It will be easier and better to all concerned to settle before that time, as a settlement must be made.

TREASURER'S RECEIPTS.

We have printed a very superior article of Treasurer's Receipts, with stubs, which we will sell for 75 cents a hundred. The utility of this kind of receipts will be seen by examining them.

CHURCH SCHOOLS.—This school closed on Wednesday, Dec. 3d, and will commence a new quarter on Wednesday, Dec. 10th, at 9 o'clock A. M. Terms as heretofore, \$5.00 and \$3.00 in advance. Patrons of the school are earnestly requested to see to it that their children are promptly and regular in their attendance upon it, and when this can not be the case a definite understanding to this effect between the parents and the teachers is required.

SWORD PRESENTATION TO COL. BARSTOW.—A quiet presentation of an elegant sabre, with belt, scabbard, &c., was made to Col. Barstow, of the 3d Cavalry, by his friends in this city. The blade is of Ames' best, and the scabbard elegantly gilt and ornamented. It was inscribed "For the Union, to Col. W. A. Barstow," followed by the initials of the donors in a column, lengthwise of the scabbard. Among the initials were the familiar ones, E. H. B., L. F. P., C. D. M., J. W. A., H. E. P., A. H. S., J. P. H., A. R., T. L. S., II. W. H., H. K., G. H., P. E. and I. W.

There was no flummery about it, a few friends only being accidentally present. That the sabre will be worthily wielded is doubted by none.

COL. BARSTOW'S REGIMENT.—We are informed that at the day of the expiration of Col. Barstow's term for filling his regiment, he was able to report to the war department his complement of men recruited. Some five hundred men, attached to seven different companies are in camp, and about 400 have been mustered into the United States service. Contracts were made to-day by Capt. Lamont, the mustering officer, for the subsistence of the regiment during their stay in Janesville. The government having prohibited the erection of barracks, the men are quartered in the vacant rooms of the Hyatt House, where they are very comfortable indeed. The use of the building was freely tendered by A. Hyatt Smith, whose liberality, in this matter, is commendable. We learn that as far as further accommodations can be provided, the balance of the regiment will be ordered into camp.

POSTPONEMENT.—The reading of Mr. Weed have been postponed until Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, on account of the storm last evening. The following is the programme for the occasion:

Tent scene from Julius Caesar.—Shak.
The Bears.—Edgar A. Poe.
King Lear.—Shak.
The Raven.—Edgar A. Poe.
Bridge of Sighs.—Wood.
Charge of the Light Brigade.—Tennyson.

Thanks to the Sabbath School of the M. E. Church in this city for 33 books for the 13th regiment. Also to sundry persons in the country for like favors. Our chest is not full; more wanted. Make haste friends.

H. C. TILTON, Chaplain.

FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE.

We understand that Lieut. Aiken is doing a lively business in recruiting for the Regular service in this place. He uniforms his men in the best full dress uniforms on enlistment. Also has orders to take married and singlemen.

RELIGIOUS.—Sermon at the Baptist church to-morrow evening on "The Usefulness of the Drunkard."

WARRANT DRAFT FOR SALE.

A special meeting of Washington Engine Company No. 3, will be held at their house on Monday evening next.

D. C. WARD, Foreman.

KEY FOUND.—The owner of a lost key can obtain it by proving property and paying for this notice.

To Our Debtors.

It will be seen by a notice in another column, that on the first of January next there will be a change in the proprietorship of the Gazette. The NECESSITY of a settlement of ALL our accounts will be apparent to all who will give the subject their attention, and as our own convenience will be materially promoted by a settlement before the dissolution of the partnership, and the interest of no debtor will be injured by doing in season what must come at last, we hope there will be no request or attempt at delay. Mr. Wilcox will devote his time to this matter, and as there are a large number of persons to settle with, let each one be prepared when called on. No one will be turned out of the office if he calls here for that purpose.

COMMERCIAL.

Janesville Wholesale Market.

Reported for the Janesville Gazette, by JAMES W. BROWN, December 7, 1861.

We continue yesterday's quotations:

WHEAT.—white winter 55¢; good to choice medium spring 54¢; extra old and Rio Grande 70¢; shipping grades 55¢.

COHN.—160 lbs per 60 lbs. shelled, and 140¢ per 72 lbs.

BARLEY.—good local demand at 140¢ per bushel. RYE—in good request at 20¢ per 40 lbs. OATS—good to choice at 30¢; 20¢ per 50 lbs. for common.

TIMOTHY SEED.—in fair demand at 12¢; 12¢ per 40 lbs.

POTATOES.—new 12¢; 20¢ per bushel.

EGGS.—plenty at 10¢; fair to choice 10¢.

WOOL.—in good demand at 25¢ for fair to choice clips.

HIDES.—green, advanced to 85¢; 10¢; Dry, 80¢.

GOOSE.—spring at retail 25¢, per 100 lbs.

POULTRY.—dressed turkeys, 65¢; chickens, 50¢.

SHEEP.—prime—range from 30¢ to 40¢ each.

TO FAMILIES.

JOHN A. ROGERS with call the attention of the citizens of Janesville and vicinity to the fact that they are now brewing at the Janesville City Brewery for the use of private families, a very superior article of

Me and Lager Beer.

which they will deliver at the residences of persons ordering it. Those desiring to have it delivered at their homes, and ask the patronage of those who are willing to patronize an establishment at home, where no cost, or a better article can be procured in any amount.

JOHN A. ROGERS.

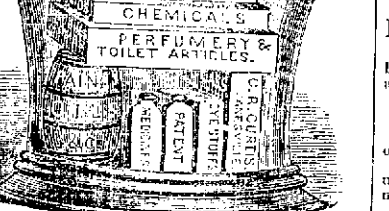
Perfectly Pure Article.

and ask the patronage of those who are willing to patronize an establishment at home, where no cost, or a better article can be procured in any amount.

JOHN A. ROGERS.

PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE,

West Milwaukee Street, JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN



G. R. Curtis,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY.

KEEPS on hand a full stock of all articles belonging to the General Drug Trade, and of the

Best Quality.

and always at the

LOWEST PRICES.

Physicians are requested to examine quality and price.

Painting Materials,

a full assortment.

Dye Stuffs, Machine Oil and Kerosene Oil

best quality and low price.

Burning Fluid, Alcohol and Camphene,

Kerosene and Fluid Lamps and Wicks.

BRUSHES AND COMBS

TOILET ARTICLES & FIXINGS,

Hair Oils and Pomades,

PORTFOLIOS, POCKET KNIVES, NICK

KNIVES, &c.,

TOILET & COMMON SOAPS, &c.,

all for sale

CHEAP FOR CASH.

PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE.

mar14dw

W. C. WHEELLOCK,

Wholesale Dealer in

Liquors, Wines, Cigars,

Bar-Fixtures, Pickles, Meats,

FRUITS, ETC., ETC.

CONSTANTLY on hand a large assortment of the

choice brands of

French Brandy, Holland Gin, J. M. & Co.,

and an endless variety of the imported Wines.

The best brands of Champagne, Cognac and Scotch

Whisky, all at the lowest prices, and in quantities to

suit. In bottles or by the cask, as desired. Old

Whisky, Scotch Whisky, Old Kentucky Whisky, and

all the choice brands of Whisky, Brandy, Cognac, &c.

Great Western Depot for

Turner's Orange Wine, Longwood's Sparkling and Still

Wine, and all the choice brands of Whisky, Brandy,

Whisky, Brandy, Cognac, &c.

W. C. WHEELLOCK, Janesville, Wis.

EASTERN BOBBING PRICES.

As the best assortment of Bottled Liquors, Wines, Cognac, &c., in the West, some of which have been in

the city for several years, and are of the highest

quality, and are sold at the lowest prices, and in

quantities to suit. In bottles or by the cask, as

desired. Old Whisky, Scotch Whisky, Old Kentucky

JUST RECEIVED

BENNETT'S

one of the

Largest and Cheapest Stocks

of

DRY GOODS,

CARPETS,

CROCKERY & GLASS WARE

at

SATISFY ALL.

ever before offered to the public, at prices that will

be a change in the proprietorship of the

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Economy and Fashion!

CLOTHING

AT EXTREMELY

LOW PRICES!

AT THE

M. HARSH,

AT THE

YOUNG AMERICA

CLOTHING HOUSE,

HAS just returned from the east, where he has per-

sonally selected the latest styles of

clothing, and is now opening at

extremely low prices.

of all kinds, by the yard, piece or case, cheaper than

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INSURANCE.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

May 1, 1883.

Capital and Surplus \$1,000,000.

Assets \$1,000,000.

Guarantee Against Fall and Winter Fires.

ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY.

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Guarantee Against Fall and Winter Fires.

SALE OF FORFEITED STATE LANDS.

Office of Commissioners of School and University Lands.

STATE OF WISCONSIN.

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The Daily Gazette

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY.

HOLT, BOWEN & WILCOX.

IN LAFIN'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

TERMS:

FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

CASH ON DELIVERY.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Twelve lines of matter, or its equivalent in space, constitute a square.

1 Square 1 day, \$7.50

do do 2 days, 12.00

do do 3 days, 15.00

do do 4 days, 18.00

do do 5 days, 21.00

do do 6 days, 24.00

do do 7 days, 27.00

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THE FARMERS' TESTIMONIAL

AND

THE PEOPLE'S CERTIFICATE.

Messrs. Hemming & Thomas

at various times, and have now constantly for the

length of time heretofore stated:

Name, Residence, and Time.

Henry Wright, Fenton, 15 months.

Michael M., Fenton, 15 months.

J. A. Bennett, Fenton, 15 months.

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NEW DEAL

-AT-

PALMER'S

Drug and Tea Store.

PRICES TO CORRESPOND

with the

Price of Produce

and

VALUE OF MONEY.

WE HAVE the largest and best selected stock of

MEDICINES

and

CHEMICALS,

Paints, Oils and Varnishes,

PARLOR AND KITCHEN LAMPS,

FLUID, OILS, &c.,

Toilet and Fancy Articles,

Patent Preparations and Specifics

to be found in market. Stock with a full and varied

assortment of goods and

GROCERIES,

WINE AND LIQUORS

for medicinal purposes,

SPICES, FLAVORING EXTRACTS,

FRUITS AND FIXINGS

for Family Use.

Window Glass,

GLASS WARE,

Kerosene and Machine Oils, &c.

All of which we sell at prices to correspond

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DAILY GAZETTE.

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF WAR.

(Continued.)

I earnestly recommend that immediately

provision be made for increasing the corps

of cadets to the greatest capacity of the

military academy. There are now 192

cadets at that important institution. I am

assured by the superintendent that 400 can

at present be accommodated, and that,

with very trifling additional expense, this

number may be increased to five hundred.

It is not necessary, at this late day, to speak

of the value of educated soldiers. While,

in time of war or rebellion, we must ever

depend mainly upon our militia and volun-

teers, we shall always need thoroughly

trained officers. Two classes have been

graduated during the present year, in order

that the service might have the benefit of

their military education. I had hoped that

congress, at its extra session, would authorize

an increase of the number. Having

failed to do so, I trust that at the approach-

ing session an increase will be authorized,

and that the selection of cadets will be

limited exclusively to those states which,

co-operating cordially with the government,

have brought their forces into the field to

aid in the maintenance of its authority.

In this connection, justice requires that I

should call attention to the claims of a vet-

eran officer, to whom, more than to any

other, the military academy is indebted for

its present prosperous and efficient condi-

tion. I allude to Colonel Sylvanus Thayer

of the engineer corps, who, by reason

of advanced years and faithful public

services, is incapacitated for duty in the field.

Under the recent law of congress he may

justly claim to be retired from active ser-

vice; but, believing that his distinguished

acknowledgment from the government, I

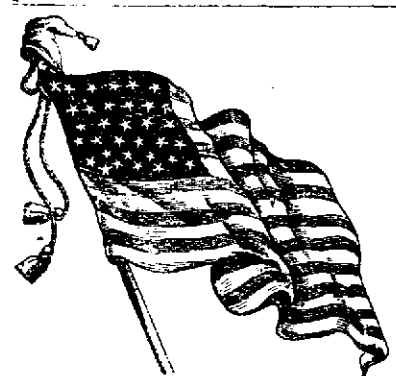
recommend that authority be asked to re-

tire him upon his full pay and emoluments.

The health of an army is a consideration

of the highest consequence. Good men

and women in different states, impelled



Forever float that standard sheet!
Where breathes the foe but falls before us?
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

Modification of Secretary Cameron's Report.

Mr. Lincoln will soon earn the title of the "great modifier." His last act of that kind was exercised upon the report of the secretary of war. The change made does not appear to be very great, upon a first perusal; but upon closer inspection it will be seen that Mr. Cameron refers to all the slaves of rebel masters, who remain at home, as well as those who have been abandoned by their masters, while Mr. Lincoln's amendment includes only the latter. The modification asks questions without answering them. The unmodified report boldly declares the opinion of the author without equivocation, while the modified portion does not express an opinion as to what shall be the final disposition of even those who are abandoned, and is entirely silent about those who are at work on the plantations of rebel masters raising supplies for the confederate troops. Mr. Cameron declares that all the rights and powers of war should be exercised to bring the insurrection to a speedy end, that the services of the slaves, being the chief property of the rebels, should share the fate of the other property of rebels—that the government cannot hold slaves—that it has a right to their voluntary services—that it has a right to arm them, or use them in any other military capacity—and that the expediency of doing so is purely a military question. He also says that slaves once liberated by the rebellious act of their masters should never be restored to bondage, and that if they serve the government they justly become entitled to the protection of the government in their freedom.

All this is expunged by the modifying power of the president. It is not doubtful that the judgment of the loyal people of the north will be in the premises. They will prefer the report as it was, and condemn the modification.

The Madison Journal publishes a portion of the testimony taken by the congressional investigating committee in relation to several contracts made with General McKinstry, which it considers hard swearing on the part of the witnesses or as conclusive of "shameful frauds" on the part of McKinstry, with the remark that "this McKinstry was Quartermaster General under Fremont and Provost Marshal of St. Louis, and a particular favorite it is said of Fremont." This remark is elsewhere accompanied by the following modest suggestion:

"In the meantime it would be as well not to condemn the action of the government through partially for a while presidential candidate and more recently a General from whom the country hoped much."

We would suggest to the Journal that its own position as publisher "by authority" of the laws of congress, and the recipient of other favors of the general administration, should induce it to refrain from joining the ranks of the assailants of a "wholesale presidential candidate," because a few dollars of official patronage may be lost by doing justice to "a general from whom the country hoped much." General McKinstry was appointed quartermaster, in which capacity he made all his contracts, by President Lincoln, and so far as the evidence which the Journal publishes involves any body but himself, it implicates President Lincoln as much as it does Gen. Fremont. Gen. F's name does not occur in the testimony at all, not even incidentally. McKinstry, in his department was as independent of Fremont as the editors of the Journal in their state printing matters are independent of McKinstry. The paid organs of the administration are not the only disinterested parties in this controversy.

There are a number of heavy guns now in the fortifications on Arlington Heights, and at the risk of being thought traitors, we must say that we wish the rebels would take the whole charge of them.

The same here; let them (the guns, not the rebels) be well charged, and then fill the Arlington House with its rebel owner, Gen. Lee, and his confederate associates. We would willingly give it and them the whole charge of all the batteries in the vicinity.

SETTING A FASHION.—A New York letter writer says that while Mrs. President Lincoln was in New York, recently, she saw but little company, and employed her time mostly in "shopping," returning to her hotel with her purchases upon her arm. Since then ladies are daily seen in cars, coaches, omnibuses, and on the pavement, with bundles in their hands.

So a western woman is giving the fashion to the mobocracy of the leading eastern city.

The Portage City Register has been "sold" by the deceptive statement of the Madison Journal as to the relative enlistments in the counties of this state. We expect a correction from the Register, as its editor is too fair a man to make a willful misstatement, and has no local interest to promote by disparaging other localities.

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

The name of the town of Buchanan, La. Cross county, has been changed to Washington. The change was made upon a petition of the people of the town to the county board, setting forth that "the name of Buchanan has become distasteful to us through the acts of the late chief magistrate of the United States." Reason enough. SUFFERING.—Large numbers of families of refugees from the vicinity of Springfield, were arriving at St. Louis continually, in the most destitute condition, on the 2d.—As no organized attempt has been made to relieve their wants their suffering was intense. They crowded the warehouses, and were fed by piteous appeals to hotel keepers. About two hundred, mostly women and children, nearly naked, slept in the calaboose that night by permission of the chief of police. Their appearance on the street was shocking in the extreme.

Mrs. Phoebe H. Brown, the author of that amiable hymn commencing, "I love to steal awhile away," died on the 10th of October, at Henry, Illinois, aged 78. She has left an enduring memorial in that single hymn.

Too MUCH SALT.—They have a salt plethora at Toledo, Ohio. The blades state that there are not less than 25,000 barrels there in search of a market, over 17,000 barrels of which are held by one firm; and the warehouses being in the main well filled with other "stock," the salt is laid in large piles along the dock, presenting from the river the appearance of an immense fortification.

Iowa is rattling out her regiments fast. The 14th, Colonel Wm. T. Shaw, left Davenport on Thursday for St. Louis. The 13th at Davenport, and the 15th at Dubuque, are now the only regiments nearly ready for the seat of war, and these will probably be off in a week. The 16th and 17th have just begun to form.

PERCUSSION CAPS.—At the Bridgeway arsenal in Philadelphia, there are not less than 180,000 percussion caps manufactured daily. Sixty sheets of copper are thus consumed, weighing three pounds. It is estimated that a sheet, which costs one dollar, will yield 2,240 caps. 14,000 caps may be filled from a pound of fulminating powder.

The adjutant general of Maine reports that that state has now in the service, in its own regiments, 9,729 men; in regiments of other states, 769 men; in forts along the coast, 213 men; total, 10,711 men. In addition, there are enough men in regiments now recruiting at home to swell the total to 15,261 men. No account has been taken of the thousands who have enlisted on the sea.

Mrs. Julia Ward Howe describes Washington sandwiches as "mustard poultices founded on bread," and says that, however well calculated to allay inflammation, if applied externally, they certainly tend to produce it internally.

Gen. Fremont firmly declines all attempts of his injudicious friends in New York to make him the recipient of a public ovation. He wishes his case to be judged by the proper authorities, upon its facts, and is willing to acquiesce in that decision. His course in this respect is eminently discreet and honorable.

The Prairie Farmer estimates that 2,500 barrels of sorghum or Chinese sugar cane syrup have been made in La Salle county, Illinois, this year, or enough to supply every family in the county with sweets for twelve months to come, saving the farmers \$25,000 in this one year. The yield is 200 to 250 gallons per acre.

THE FORTIFICATIONS AT CUMBERLAND GAP.—The Knoxville (Tenn.) Register of the 22d ult., says that the fortifications at Cumberland Gap are now completed, and are amply sufficient to defend it from any quarter.

The Washington correspondent of the Springfield Republican writes: "Mr. Lincoln pays great respect to the opinions of Mr. Holt in all that he does in reference to Kentucky. A day or two since a Kentucky republican, a moderate and most worthy man, asked a small favor of Mr. Lincoln, and was referred to Mr. Joseph Holt. 'If he says you ought to be attended to I will do so,' was the reply of the president. The man went away somewhat indignant, especially as Mr. Holt was his old political adversary."

A STORY FROM CAMP.—A correspondent of the Milwaukee Sentinel tells the following good story about two of the Wisconsin regiments:

"Yesterday, in company with Lieut. Smith, of company E, I dropped into the house of a German, who lives a short distance from the camp. The ladies of the house are very intelligent, and naturally we got to speaking of the regiments. In the course of conversation, one of them remarked that the second boys were a smart set. 'They have taught the sixth a great deal,' she said. 'They taught them to carry (steal) she said, but I modify the words,' off things. It was hard work, and in the first place, the second boys would have to pick up rails, put them into the sixth boys' hands, and tell them to make off with them. Now, she continued, the sixth have learned so well they can beat the second, and the other night they came up and stole our barn!"

The same correspondent says that Brigadier General King has been in command of Major Gen. McDowell's division, while the latter was off duty. The writer notices a rumor that Gen. King is to be one of the new major generals. He also says that Gen. K. was invited to go to Fort Monroe and take command of a brigade there, under Gen. Butler. The general agreed to the proposition, provided he could take his Wisconsin brigade with him. From several other sources we hear rumors of the appointment of Gov. Randall as major general, and Major Larrabee as brigadier general.

DAKE COUNTY VOLUNTEER FAMILIES.—The whole number of children under fifteen years of age, enumerated up to Nov. 27th, who are entitled to draw from the volunteer fund was 339. These cost to the county \$1,074 per month, and \$12,888.

A resolution was passed memorializing the legislature to equalize the burden of supporting volunteers' families, by levying a state tax for that purpose.

BY TELEGRAPH.

REPORTED FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE.

BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE,
Office in Union Passenger Depot.

Last Night's Report.

SPECIAL TO POST.—The President avows his purpose to adhere to a cautious and prudent policy in relation to foreign affairs. There need be no apprehension of the occurrence of hostilities between the United States and Great Britain, for unless the British government should seek a pretext for war, there is no ground for serious difficulties. The government feels no anxiety on this subject, believing that a temperate policy will allay excited feelings, and tend to cement the friendly relations between the two countries.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6. The steamer Bavaria arrived to-day. She brought 60,000 stand of arms, purchased in Belgium for the United States government.

A letter from Port Royal says: The 79th regiment made a reconnaissance towards Charleston, capturing three batteries and spiking the guns. They returned, after having approached within 20 miles of Charleston.

DETROIT, Dec. 6. Col. Rankin of the lancea, has been officially advised that the recent order of the adjutant general regarding cavalry regiments, does not apply to his regiment of lancea. It will now be filled up from incomplete cavalry companies or regiments from other states, and be ready for service very soon.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 5. The Commercial's Frankfort dispatch says: Although every act in the legislative proceedings shows most loyal feeling, nothing of general interest has transpired. The expulsion of Breckinridge gives great satisfaction. Many aspire to succeed him, among whom are James Guthrie, Joshua F. Bell, Geo. Robertson, Nat. Wolfe and Garrett Davis.

Zollicoffer is on the south side of Cumberland river, seven miles from Somerset, with 7,500 men and some good artillery. Gen. Schoeff is on this side, and will be ready to engage him as soon as the river, which is swollen, recedes. A fight is soon expected.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5. Several vessels, some of large size, have arrived from the lower Potomac. One passed the rebel batteries in daylight, but was unharmed.

Charles F. Faulkner, of Virginia, will be released from custody in Norfolk. He will proceed immediately south, and procure a similar release of Hon. Alfred Ely. If unsuccessful, he pledges himself to return to custody in thirty days.

The papers relating to foreign affairs, accompanying the president's message, covers 425 pages, beginning with Buchanan's circular of February 28th last, addressed to our minister abroad by Secretary Black.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 5. A car of refugees from the southwest, have been assigned by Gen. Halleck to the sanitary commission in charge of the government hospital in this city, where liberal contributions of money, clothing and provisions are received.

The provost marshal has taken steps to furnish suitable quarters among secessionists in this city for all those needing such accommodations, and about \$600 worth of clothing, blankets, &c., belonging to the Jackson prisoners, have been confiscated for their benefit.

Some 600 refugees have already gone into Illinois, where they will endeavor to support their families until they can return to their homes. Large numbers continue to arrive, and the road between here and Iowa is thronged with them.

To-Day's Report.

(Reported Exclusively for the Daily Gazette.)
No report—line down.

HOW THE "WHITE TRASH" LIVE.—The Fort Monroe correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer relates the annexed incident: "Yesterday we wandered, in company with Dr. Maul, surgeon of the First Delaware regiment, to a house where a real native white man lay dangerously ill of a most obstinate remittent fever. The house was beyond our lines. The family consisted of an old man, who appeared hale and hearty, rather shabbily dressed; an old lady, two younger ones, a little girl, and the husband of one of the women, who lay on a trundle bed, in what was once occupied by some rebel nabob, who kept these and other poor whites in abject poverty.

This being the only white family left remaining in Hampton, General Butler allowed them to occupy the house, and furnished them with food in the meantime. They are still partially supported by the government that their brethren fled from and called despotic. This family, although very singular in their habits to the mind of a northern man, is nevertheless a real type of the poorest classes in the south, and a few characteristics may not be out of place here.

Although the house in which these people now live contains twelve rooms, they persistently occupy only the largest one, which is used as a kitchen, sitting-room, parlor, dining room, bedroom and pantry.

The doors are left wide open, and a tremendous fire-place in a huge, old-fashioned room, and thus alternately chilling and roasting a man suffering with a remittent typhoid fever lies, wondering when he will be up again, while his wife sits with her relatives around her, knitting, and remarking that she has no faith in the medicines the soldier physician administers, "kase, Watson, he don't git no better; and den you can't git no good corn bread to give um."

NO FRONT TEETH.—A musician recently undertook to trade cows with a certain neighbor. He told the man that his "old cow was not worth a song," and his "old heifer had no front teeth in her upper jaw, and could not, therefore, eat young grass. Singing friend laughed, looked wise and went off whistling. But the remark of H— had preyed on his mind, and he accordingly went and examined old brindle's mouth, and to his horror and surprise, he found that she was entirely destitute of upper front teeth! Infuriated, he drove brindle two miles to the house of the man he had bought her of, through a driving rain storm, with mud up to his knees, and after bawling the surprised farmer for selling him such a cow, demanded his money back at once. As soon as he could get a word in edgeways, the farmer told the angry man that cows never were such teeth on the upper jaw, and to convince him, took him out to the barn yard, when, after opening the mouths of a dozen or so of cattle, young and old, the singing man drove old brindle into the road, and trudged home behind her, a sadder and wiser man.

Among the many lies to be found in the Nashville Courier, one of the most pestilent is that large quantities of bright Zouave clothing, intended for uniforming the negroes which the federal forces expect to steal and form into regiments, have been prepared as a portion of the stores of an expedition from Cairo, to start up the Cumberland and Tennessee rivers.

W. B. Astor. The Dullest of Jests.—A military digest. Shelled Out.—The colonels of Port Royal. Very Short this season.—The hair crop. Wanted from Illinois.—More success and fewer "suckers."

What to do with your Money.—When found, make a treasury note of it. The Revival most Needed.—A revival in business.

Not to be Denied.—That our naval expedition met with a heavy "blow" and gave the chivalry at forts Walker and Beauregard a heavier "blowing"—N. Y. T. rider.

From the New York Tribune, Dec. 4.
The President and Gen. Cameron.

The readers of our daily yesterday morning may have been surprised to find no allusion to the topic which excited most interest at the federal metropolis—namely, the reported disagreement between the President and the Secretary of war with regard to that portion of the report of the latter which treats on the use to be made of the slaves of rebels. Other journals have information upon this subject; we had none, simply because, while their Washington dispatches respecting it were allowed to come through in due course, ours were suppressed by the government censor in the Washington telegraph office. Having received it by mail, we give it now as part of the history of the times, simply remarking that we do not understand that it was suppressed for the lack of truth, but rather for excess of it:

THE SUPPRESSED DISPATCH.

"WASHINGTON, Dec. 2, 1861.

"The call of the roll has scarcely ended in the house, when the temper of the people was strikingly manifested by their representatives hastening, without delay, a moment for presidential or other message, to pass a resolution emancipating the slaves of rebels within the military jurisdiction. Before the vote upon it was recorded, a painful rumor pervaded the hall that the president had taken open issue on this very question with Secretary Cameron, and had recalled from the Philadelphia post office the undelivered copies of the war department report, which the latter had mailed yesterday for the use of the newspaper press. The city was filled with rumors of a breaking up of the cabinet, and the influence of the revolution we are passing through, in attaching men to principles while weakening their hold on laws and forms, was everywhere strikingly and most suggestively exemplified. The excitement occasioned by the executive opposition to the necessities of the war and to the popular will, to-night swayed the hotels and parlors of the city. The history of the difference between the President and the Secretary of War has at last taken this shape. The Secretary presented his report to Mr. Lincoln on Saturday. On Sunday afternoon he mailed it to the principal papers of the north and west, as is customary on the day preceding the reading of the message. On Sunday night the President, having found time to read it, found it not in his heart to agree with the secretary's doctrine of the right and duty to make a military use of the slaves of rebels—to arm them, if necessary—and in all ways to use them to suppress the rebellion. He sent for Mr. Cameron, and required him to suppress this whole portion of his report, on the ground that its recommendation was premature and ill-timed. The secretary resolutely and promptly refused to suppress a word of it. The discussion between them was protracted. It ended as it began, the president insisting upon the alteration, and the secretary respectfully but firmly refusing to change a syllable of his recommendations. A subsequent interview in the afternoon had a similar conclusion of debate, but a new and strange conclusion of the executive will. The president announced his purpose to strike out the entire passage about the emancipation and arming of slaves before sending in the report with his message to congress. Mr. Cameron declared he should not recall or suppress the document in the hands of northern and western editors, and that the printers were at liberty to do with the report what they pleased. Which of the two copies will the people read and the army prefer?"

HOW OUR GRANDMOTHERS DID PATRIOTIC WORK.—An anecdote in the Transcript, with this title, recalls to mind one of a similar nature, recorded by Madame Trumbull in Stuart's excellent life of Jonathan Trumbull, Sr., governor of Connecticut:

During the war, after divine service on a Sunday, or on Thanksgiving day, contributions were often taken for the benefit of the Continental army. Cash, finger rings, earrings and other jewelry, coats, jackets, breeches, shirts, stockings, hats, shoes—every article, in fact, of male attire, besides groceries in great variety, were frequently thus collected, in New England, particularly, in large quantities. Upon one such occasion in Lebanon meeting house, Connecticut, after notice was given that a collection would be taken for the soldiers, Madame Faith Trumbull rose from her seat, near her husband, threw off her shoulders a magnificent scarlet cloak—a present to her, we hear, on good authority, from the commander-in-chief of the French allied army, Count Rochambeau himself—and, advancing near the pulpit, laid it on the altar as her offering to those who, in the midst of every want and suffering, were fighting gallantly the great battle of freedom. The cloak was afterwards taken, cut into narrow strips, and employed as rag trimmings to stripe the dress of American soldiers.—Boston Traveler.

DISCOVERING THAT THE BLACK FLAG BUSINESS WAS A TRIFLE TOO FAST.—The affair of the black flag is thus alluded to by the Charleston Courier of the 25th:

War in its best estate is war, and is horrible enough. If we must meet invaders, let us meet them with all the mitigation which invention affords. To say that no prisoners are to be taken under any circumstances, is only to proclaim a war of extermination, in which both sides would suffer needlessly. The cry of extermination, black flag and no quarter, is shouted most vociferously by some who are evading any kind of war. People who fight are willing enough to accept a war of rules, as long as possible; and if they catch thieves and incendiaries, they can readily discriminate against them in favor of prisoners of war.

An old Dutch justice of the peace did up a marriage in this way. He first said to the man:

"Vell, you wants to pe marrit, do you? Vell, you loves this woman so good as any one you have ever seen?"

"Yes," answered the man.

Then to the woman: "Vell, you loves this man so better as any man you ever seen?"

She hesitated a little, and he repeated: "Vell, do you love him so well as pe his wife?"

"Yes, yes," she answered.

"Vell, dat ish all any reasonable man could expect. So you are marrit; I pronounce you man wife."

The man asked the justice what was to pay.

"Nothing at all, nothing at all; you are welcome, if that will do you any good!"

W. B. Astor. A Knight of the Golden Circle.—W. B. Astor.

The Dullest of Jests.—A military digest. Shelled Out.—The colonels of Port Royal. Very Short this season.—The hair crop. Wanted from Illinois.—More success and fewer "suckers."

What to do with your Money.—When found, make a treasury note of it. The Revival most Needed.—A revival in business.

Not to be Denied.—That our naval expedition met with a heavy "blow" and gave the chivalry at forts Walker and Beauregard a heavier "blowing"—N. Y. T. rider.

Col. Kit Carson is in command of the Union troops at Albuquerque.

HOPE.

There are some hearts that, like the tender flowers, bloom in the golden sunlight days of spring; When winds make music to the sweet hours.

And o'er the dark days come, they cease to bloom; But when the dark days come, they cease to bloom; And drop and wither in the Autumn's gloom.

Such hearts were fitted for a holier sphere Than the rude world where kindred souls are few; Where Time's increasing round of cares appear To crush a heart so sensitively true.

To crush a heart so sensitively true; That feels an inward strength, yet cannot rise To battle with the world—to win the prize.

But sometimes we feel the flight of years, We view a spirit of a different mould, That struggles onward 'till a cloud appears, And sunny days seem fruitless to behold;

Yet still within—ah! it braves despair, A spark of hope, though faint, still lingers there, Like a true ship, when stormy seas arise, And o'er the lonely seas hangs the long night

Starless and moonless, yet the hidden skies Are fraught with germs of hope inspiring light. Faith is its talisman—its trials now are o'er, Hope smiles—the breaking dawn reveals the shore.

MYRON WHEED.

Senator Trumbull's Consecration BILL.

The following are the leading features of Senator Trumbull's consecration bill:

It provides for the absolute and complete forfeiture forever to the United States of every species of property, real and personal, wherever situated, within the United States, belonging to persons beyond the jurisdiction of the United States, or beyond reach of civil process in the ordinary mode of judicial proceedings in consequence of the present rebellion, who, during its existence, shall take up arms against the United States, or in any way aid and abet the rebellion.

This forfeiture to be enforced against property in the rebellious districts through the military power, and all property of other persons of the United States, where the judicial power is not obstructed by the rebellion, through the courts, and that proceeds of the property of each individual seized, and forfeited, be subject to the just claims of loyal creditors and to be held for the benefit of loyal citizens despoiled of property by the rebellion, and to defray the expenses incurred in its suppression. The bill also forfeits the claims of all rebels, and those who give them aid and comfort to the persons they hold in slavery. The bill declares that slaves thus forfeited shall be free, and makes it the duty of the President to provide for the colonization of such as may be willing to go to some tropical country where they may have the protection of the government, and be secured in all the rights and privileges of freemen.

The property belonging to rebels, or to those giving them aid or comfort, who may be convicted by judicial tribunals, is to be forfeited on their conviction—the real estate for life, and personal property forever.

NOT SO.—We are glad to learn that the statement that a member of Farnsworth's Illinois regiment had been shot for sleeping on his post, is a mistake. No such circumstance has occurred in the army, and we hope never will. It is too severe a punishment for the offence.

TAXES IN MADISON.—The total amount of taxes levied upon the city of Madison is \$42,306.17, of which \$23,753.28 is exclusively for city purposes or city indebtedness.

SCANDALOUS REPORTS CONCERNING COL. SCOTT.—Very scandalous reports are afloat concerning Col. Scott, nephew and secretary of the old general. It is boldly asserted that he is the traitor who has done so much mischief by revealing cabinet secrets and the plans of the commander-in-chief to the enemy. The failure of the scheme against the rebel camp at Munson Hill, which was known only to Gen. Scott, Gen. McClellan and Col. Scott, is attributed to the latter. It is intimated that the suspicious against him were so strong that his friends advised him to quit the country, and that this had something to do with the sudden resignation of Gen. Scott, and his departure with his nephew and others for Europe. It is probable that these rumors and suspicions have been exaggerated.—Boston Post.

Frank P. Blair, in his speech at St. Louis, took occasion to sneer at the Democrats of that city, in a series of foolish jokes. We venture to say that the St. Louis Democrat has done more to build up Mr. Frank P. Blair than all other influences combined. There are few able papers in the country, and perhaps none that has more manfully fought the battle of freedom against adverse influences.

Five additional wagon loads of Union families, exiled from the southwest for the crime of attachment to the American flag and their country, arrived in the city on a clock yesterday forenoon. By eleven they were housed at the hotel for the homeless, at the City Hall. The men were dispirited and harrassed, the women and children pitifully way-worn and dejected. Many were sadly in want of the first necessities of comfort at this rigorous season. The condition of the suffering little ones especially pleads for instant and generous aid.—St. Louis Democrat, 4th inst.

We learn that Captain Palmer has met with first success in recruiting a company for the second cavalry regiment. He has already eighty men enrolled, and there is every prospect that the number will be swelled to more than a hundred.—Madison Argus.

"APT ALLITERATION'S ARTFUL AID."—The following dialogue was spoken in Virginia a few days ago:

Major—A regiment of ragged rascals, reveling round the rebel rag, sir.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REMOVAL! DR. B. F. PENDLETON HAS REMOVED HIS DENTAL ROOMS to the new building of J. & D. Devry, first floor over the shoe store of Cyrus Miner, where he will attend to all the calls in his profession.

REMOVAL. DR. M. B. JOHNSON has removed to Jackman & Smith's New Building, over the Rock County Bank, where he will wait upon his friends and customers in any department of dentistry.

NICE AND CHEAP. A NORTHERN assortment of good and cheap Kerosene lamps, recently received, which will be sold lower than ever. Also, shavers, needles, &c. G. R. CURTIS, Peoples' Drug Store.

KEROSENE OIL! CLEAR, free from color and non-explosive, for sale at lowest market prices, at the PEOPLES' DRUG STORE, 60-61 W. 2d St. West Milwaukee street, Janesville.

BENZINE! BENZINE!! BENZINE!!! IN Hard Times, clean old clothes. Clean old clothes in hard times. (Price to correspond. Sell two bottles where we used to use one. All like it, does its work. So, cheap too.

10 Cents, 10 Cents, 10 Cents, 10 Cents. Warranted Dander for Sale.

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.

Luther Hill vs. Joseph A. Spencer and Elizabeth Page. In pursuance and by virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale made by the circuit court for the county of Rock, on the 24th day of December, 1861, in favor of the above named plaintiff, and against the above named defendants, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on

THE 10th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1862, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the following described property, to wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises situated in the town of Avon, in the county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, known and distinguished as follows: The south half of the northeast quarter of section one (1), in township four (4), of range eleven (11), and containing eighty acres, or so much and such parts thereof as shall be necessary to make the amount due to the plaintiff by virtue of said judgment.—Dated December 21st, 1861.

J. M. PUTNAM, Sheriff of Rock Co., clerk of the court.

IN CIRCUIT COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.

Stephen G. Taylor vs. Spencer Dowry, Joseph M. Dwyer, his wife, Francis H. Holt, Elizabeth T. Williams, H. Parker and Mary L. Parker, his wife, and Henry Woodruff, Belcher School and Belcher School, his wife, Andrew Schaller and Emma Schaller, his wife, John George Shottel and Mary Shottel, his wife.

In pursuance and by virtue of a judgment and order of foreclosure and sale of the circuit court in and for Rock County, made in the above entitled action on the 25th day of November, 1861, in favor of the above named plaintiff, and against the above named defendants, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on

THE 30th DAY OF MARCH, 1862, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the following described property, to wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Janesville, in the county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, known and distinguished as follows: A point in the north-west quarter of section thirty-one (31), township No. three (3), range No. eleven (11), bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the center of Fremont street (so called), which point is six chains and twenty-five (25) feet north and west of the intersection of said street and the east and west quarter line of said section 31, and thence north and parallel to said east and west quarter line twelve chains and fifty links to the place of beginning.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE. John A. Page, executor of the last will and testament of Hezekiah H. Reed, deceased, vs. Edward D. Murray, Mary J. Murray, Eliza S. Snodden, Henry Myers, A. B. Reed, and others.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree made by the district court of the United States, for the district of Wisconsin, on the 12th day of November, 1861, in the above entitled case, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on the 10th day of January, in the county of Milwaukee, in this district, on

MONDAY, 10th DAY OF JANUARY, 1862, at three o'clock P. M., the following described mortgaged property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy and discharge all the debts, pieces or parcels of land situated in the county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, known and distinguished as follows: To wit: The one-third part of lot number nine, to be taken from the north end of said lot by a line parallel to the north line thereof, to be drawn through a point in the east line of said lot, fourteen inches south of the southeast corner of the stone barn standing on said lot; also lot ten and eleven. All of the above described premises being in block fifty. Also, lot three in block sixty one, excepting a strip two rods wide at the west end thereof.

CIRCUIT COURT—ROCK COUNTY. Charles Deane vs. Thomas Cooley and James H

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Arrival and Departure of Mails

At the Janesville Post Office, from and after Nov. 4th, 1861.	Arrive.	Close.	Depart.
Chicago, through,	10:30 P.M.	6:30 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
Way,	4:40 P.M.	12:00 P.M.	12:45 P.M.
Madison and way,	12:40 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	4:45 P.M.
Madison, through,	6:30 A.M.	6:30 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
Way,	1:50 P.M.	10:45 A.M.	11:15 A.M.
Madison and way,	6:20 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	2:30 P.M.
Madison, through,	12:40 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	4:45 P.M.
Way,	8:10 P.M.	9:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Overland mail from Janesville to Milwaukee arrives Monday and Friday at 7 P.M.; close Tuesday and Saturday at 4 A.M.			

J. M. DORRIS, Postmaster.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—E. J. GOSPEL, Pastor. Sabbath evening, 10:30 A.M. and 7 P.M. Lecture, Wednesday evening. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening. **PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.**—GEO. C. HICKMAN, Pastor. Services every Sabbath at 10:30 A.M. and 7 P.M. **TRINITY CHURCH.**—THOMAS W. REES, Pastor. Services at 10:30 A.M. and 7 P.M. Sunday School, 9 A.M. Friday evening service 7:15 P.M. **CHRIST CHURCH.**—H. W. SPALDING, Pastor. Sunday services, 10:30 A.M. and 7 P.M. **UNITED METHODIST CHURCH.**—JOHN SHARP, Pastor. Sabbath services at 10:30 A.M. and 7 P.M. **CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.**—M. P. KESLER, Pastor. Sabbath services, 10:30 A.M. and 7 P.M. **METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.**—J. H. JENSEN, Pastor. Sabbath services, 10:30 A.M. and 7 P.M. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening. **ST. CATHARINE.** (Catholic).—Corner Cherry and Holmes street. JOHN GOSSET, Pastor. Services at 8 A.M. and 10:30 A.M. Vespers at 3 P.M.

A New Arrangement.

On the 1st of next January a change will be made in the proprietorship of the Gazette Office by the withdrawal of Mr. Bowen. This change will render absolutely necessary a settlement of the subscriptions and other accounts due the present firm. We hope our friends will give this matter their immediate attention, and leave as few debts as possible for settlement after the change is made. It will be easier and better to all concerned to settle before that time, as a settlement must be made.

TREASURER'S RECEIPTS.

We have printed a very superior article of Treasurer's Receipts, with stubs, which we will sell for 75 cents a hundred. The utility of this kind of receipts will be seen by examining them.

CHRIST CHURCH SCHOOL.—This school closed on Wednesday, Dec. 3d, and will commence a new quarter on Wednesday, Dec. 10th, at 9 o'clock A. M. Terms as heretofore, \$5.00 and \$3.00 in advance. Patrons of the school are earnestly requested to see to it that their children are prompt and regular in their attendance upon it, and when this can not be the case a definite understanding to this effect between the parents and the teachers is required.

SWORD PRESENTATION TO COL. BARSTOW.

A quiet presentation of an elegant sabre, with belt, scabbard, &c., was made to Col. Barstow, of the 3d Cavalry, by his friends in this city. The blade is of Ames' best, and the scabbard elegantly gilt and ornamental. It was inscribed "For the Union, to Col. W. A. Barstow," followed by the initials of the donors in a column, lengthwise of the scabbard. Among the initials were the families of E. H. B., L. F. P., C. D. M., J. W. A., H. E. P., A. H. S., J. P. H., A. B. T., L. S. II., W. H., H. K., G. H., P. E. and I. W.

There was no flattery about it, a few friends only being accidentally present. That the sabre will be worthily wielded is doubted by none.

Col. Barstow's Regiment.—We are informed that at the day of the expiration of Col. Barstow's time for filling his regiment, he was able to report to the war department his complement of men recruited. Some five hundred men, attached to seven different companies are in camp, and about 400 have been mustered into the United States service. Contracts were made today by Capt. Lamont, the mustering officer, for the subsistence of the regiment during their stay in Janesville. The government having prohibited the erection of barracks, and the camp equipage not having arrived, the men are quartered in the vacant rooms of the Hyatt House, where they are very comfortable in-lodged. The use of the building was freely tendered by A. Hyatt Smith, whose liberality, in this matter, is commendable. We learn that as fast as further accommodations can be provided, the balance of the regiment will be ordered into camp.

POSTPONEMENT.—The readings of Mr. Weed have been postponed until Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, on account of the storm last evening. The following is the programme for the occasion:

Tent scene from Julius Caesar.—Shak.
The Bells.—Edgar A. Poe.
King Lear.—Shak.
The Raven.—Edgar A. Poe.
Bridge of Sighs.—Hood.
Charge of the Light Brigade.—Tennyson.

Thanks to the Sabbath School of the M. E. Church in this city for 33 books for the 13th regiment. Also to sundry persons in the country for like favors. Our chest is not full; more wanted. Make haste friends.

H. C. TILTON, Chaplain.

For the Daily Gazette.

We understand that Lieut. Aiken is doing a lively business in recruiting for the Regular service in this place. He uniforms his men in the best full dress uniforms on enlistment. Also has orders to take married and singlemen.

RELIGIOUS.—Sermon at the Baptist church to-morrow evening on "The Usefulness of the Drunkard."

ENGINE.—A special meeting of Washington Engine Company No. 3, will be held at their house on Monday evening next.

D. C. WARD, Foreman.

WARRANTS DROPPED FOR SALE.

To Our Debtors.

It will be seen by a notice in another column, that on the first of January next there will be a change in the proprietorship of the Gazette. The NECESSITY of a settlement of ALL our accounts will be apparent to all who will give the subject their attention, and as our own convenience will be materially promoted by a settlement before the dissolution of the partnership, and the interest of no debtor will be injured by doing in season what must come at last, we hope there will be no request or attempt at delay. Mr. Wilcox will devote his time to this matter, and as there are a large number of persons to settle with, let each one be prepared when called on. No one will be turned out of the office if he calls here for that purpose.

COMMERCIAL.

Janesville Wholesale Market.
Reported for the Janesville Gazette, by **BUMP & GRAY,**
GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.
JANESVILLE, DECEMBER 7, 1861.

We continue yesterday's quotations:
WHEAT—white winter 70¢; good to choice milling spring 65¢; extra club and Rio Grande 70¢; shipping grade 62¢.
OATS—good local demand at 14¢; bushel. BYE—good request at 23¢; bushel. BABBY—good to choice at 20¢; bushel. TIMOTHY SEED—in fair demand at 1,125¢; bushel. POTATOES—new 12¢; bushel. BUTTER—plenty at 10¢; fair to choice roll. EGGS—scarcely at 9¢; per dozen. WOOL—in good demand at 23¢; fair to choice clips. HIDES—Green, advanced to 8¢; dry, 5¢. FLOUR—spring at retail 2,25; per 100 lbs. POULTRY—dressed turkeys, 6¢; chickens, 5¢. SHEEP PELTS—range from 20¢ to 90¢ each.

TO FAMILIES.

BUMP & GRAY wish to call the attention of the citizens of Janesville and vicinity to the fact that they are buying at the Janesville City Brewery for the use of private families, a very superior article of

Ale and Lager Beer,

which they will deliver at the residence of persons ordering it. They guarantee in all cases a Perfectly Pure Article, and ask the patronage of those who are willing to sustain an establishment at home, where no good or better article can be procured as from abroad.

BUMP & GRAY.

PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE,

West Milwaukee Street, JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.



G. R. Curtis

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY.

KEEPS on hand a full stock of all articles belonging to the General Drug Trade, and of the Best Quality, and always sells at the LOWEST PRICES. Physicians are requested to examine quality and price.

Painting Materials,

a full assortment.

Dye Stuffs, Machine Oil and Kerosene Oil

best quality and low price.

BURNING FLUID, ALCOHOL AND CAMPHENE,

Kerosene and Fluid Lamps and Wicks.

BRUSHES AND COMBS

TOILET ARTICLES & FIXINGS,

Hair Oils and Pomades,

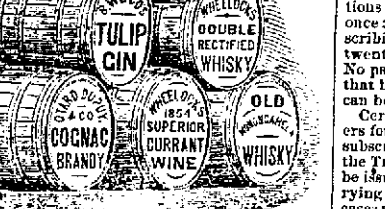
POCKET MONIES, POCKET KNIVES, NICK (JACKS) &c.

TOILET & COMMON SOAPS, &c.,

all for sale

CHEAP FOR CASH.

PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE.



W. C. WHEELLOCK,

Liquors, Wines, Cigars,

Bar-Fixtures, Pickles, Meats,

FRUITS, &c., ETC.

CONSTANTLY on hand a large assortment of the choicest kinds of

French Brandy, Holland Gin, Jamaica, St. Croix and New England Rum,

and an endless variety of the imported Wines. The best brands of Champagne, London Porter and Scotch Whisky, and a full assortment of

Wine, in bottles or on draught. Old Kentucky Brandy and Bourbon Whisky, Virginia and Pennsylvania Old Monongahela Whisky, New Jersey Elder Brandy,

Great Western Depot for

Turner's Ginger Wine, Sparkling and Still

Cider, Pickled Onions, Pickled Peas,

Whisky, Selecter's Scotch Whisky,

Wolff's Schiedel's Schnapps,

Zimmerman's Cider,

and Brandy,

and a full assortment of

Eastern Jobbing Prices.

The best assortment of Bottled Liquors, Wines, Cordials, &c., in the West, some of which have been in business over eight years.

The Old Stand, Lippin's Block, Main street opposite old Stage House, Janesville, Wis.

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE

N. SWAGER,

WOULD call the attention of the people of Janesville, Rock and adjoining counties to his increased facilities for manufacturing

PARLOR, CHAMBER AND COMMON FURNITURE which he will sell at

Greatly Reduced Prices.

In addition to the articles manufactured by himself he keeps a large stock of Imported Furniture, which embraces everything needed for household use, and which, as well as his own manufacture, is of the latest style and most durable.

Coffins, of all sizes and trimmed in every variety of style constantly on hand.

Metallic Barrels and Caskets.

I have just received a large assortment of these articles, of an improved style and perfectly at right. As none have been kept in this city for the last three or four years, much inconvenience has been experienced in sending for them.

I invite a examination of all my stock, knowing that I can give satisfaction both in quality and price. Shop on Milwaukee street, second door above Central Bank, near and adjoining counties to his increased facilities for manufacturing

JANESVILLE, August 19th, 1861.

N. SWAGER.

Full sale by McKee & Bro. We keep constantly on hand, and will manufacture to order, all sizes of the best wood fabrics.

JUST RECEIVED

AT

BENNETT'S

one of the

Largest and Cheapest Stocks

OF

DRY GOODS,

CARPETS,

CROCKERY & GLASS WARE

ever before offered to the public, at prices that will

SATISFY ALL

PRINTS

of all kinds, by the yard, dozen or case, cheaper than

ever.

Delains, Valencias, Colbergs, Merinos,

Poplins, Silks, &c., &c.

HOODS, GLOVES AND HOSIERY

In great varieties.

Long and Square Broche Shawls,

at less than half the Importers' Prices.

Long and Square Plaid Wool Shawls,

LADIES CLOTHS AND CLOAKS.

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES

by the cord.

CARPETS, DRUGGETS

and

OIL CLOTHS

in various Styles and Patterns.

Thankful for Past Favors,

all are invited to Call and Examine our stock.

OLDTOWN O. K. BENNETT.

REMOVAL.

I TAKE pleasure in announcing to my many patrons and the public generally that we have removed our stock

to the new store in

Jenkins & Dewey's Block,

opposite McKee & Bro.

Leaving the old store blowing with those to whom it is more congenial, we will simply state that your stock is

Large and Complete,

embracing every style of

Men's, Women's & Children's Wear,

bought at the very lowest cash figures, and will be sold at

Small Advance

only from first cost.

Thankful for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon me in the past, I hope to draw attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.

Custom Work and Repairing,

done as usual, with

PROMPTNESS AND DISPATCH.

Entire Satisfaction Guaranteed

in every case.

REMEMBER THE "BIG BOOT,"

OPPOSITE MCKEE & BRO'S,

Main Street, - - - Janesville.

OLDTOWN CYRUS MINER.

AGENCY FOR NATIONAL LOAN.

PUBLISHED by the Secretary of the Treasury, a book will be opened on the 1st day of November, 1861, at his office, in Janesville, for subscribers under his superintendence for Treasury Notes issued under the act of July 17, 1861. These notes will be issued in sums of fifty dollars, one hundred dollars, five hundred dollars, one thousand dollars, and five thousand dollars each, dated 1st August, 1861, payable three years after date to the order of the subscriber or as directed, and bearing interest at the rate of 7-3/4 per cent, per annum, payable semi-annually; such interest being at the rate of two cents each year on every hundred dollars. For the convenience of the holder, such notes will have coupons attached expressing the several amounts of semi-annual interest, which coupons may be detached and presented for payment separately from the notes.

Subscriptions for such Treasury Notes will be received until the 15th day of the month of January, 1862, and the amount of the subscription will be paid for by the subscriber in full, or by installments, as follows: One-third of the amount of the subscription to be paid at the time of subscribing, and the balance of two-thirds to be paid in two equal installments, the first on the 15th day of August, 1861, and the second on the 15th day of August, 1862. The amount of the subscription to be paid at the time of subscribing, and the balance of two-thirds to be paid in two equal installments, the first on the 15th day of August, 1861, and the second on the 15th day of August, 1862. The amount of the subscription to be paid at the time of subscribing, and the balance of two-thirds to be paid in two equal installments, the first on the 15th day of August, 1861, and the second on the 15th day of August, 1862.

Certificates will be granted in duplicate to subscribers for the amounts so paid, the original of which the subscriber will transmit by mail to the Secretary of the Treasury, when Treasury Notes as aforesaid, will be issued thereon to such subscriber or his order, carrying interest as expressed in such certificate; but in case where only a part of the amount subscribed is paid at the time of subscribing, the subscriber will be issued only for the payments made subsequently to the first, which will entitle him to the whole amount subscribed by each person shall be paid, when Treasury Notes will be issued for such full payment also. On payment of each deferred installment, the subscriber will pay, in addition thereto, a sum equal to the interest accrued thereon from the 15th of August to the date of payment, and such payment will be credited on the amount paid on subscription, which payments of interest will be reimbursed to the subscriber in the payment of the principal of the notes.

The Treasury Notes issued upon such certificates by the Treasury will be sent to the subscribers by mail, and the original of each certificate, as aforesaid, will be transmitted their original certificates. The duplicate certificates may be retained by them for their own security. W. M. TALLMAN, Agent.

JANESVILLE, Nov. 12th, 1861, for National Loan.

OLDTOWN W. T.

New Fall and Winter Millinery.

The Largest and Best Stock of the Season.

MISS REYNOLDS informs her friends and the public that she has now the largest and best stock of

MILLINERY GOODS

ever offered for sale by her. Her stock comprises all the latest style of materials and manufactured work, and every article will be sold at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES,

preferring to sell at a small profit rather than keep her goods over for another season.

Bonnets from \$1.50 to \$10.00, according to style and quality. Caps and Head-dresses constantly on hand. In short, everything kept in a first class Millinery Store will be found in her shop, or manufactory, promptly to order. All her purchases were made for cash, and she is thus enabled to sell at the lowest living profits.

DRESS MAKING.

She is also prepared to cut or make dresses in the latest style, or change old dresses to the new styles. Her friends and the public generally are invited to call and examine. Shop in the old place, Exchange Block, west end of Upper Bridge.

MISS R. A. REYNOLDS.

A Great Want Supplied.

MCKEE & BRO. are this day in receipt of a splendid lot of Gent's Woolen Shirts, consisting of

Long and Square Broche Shawls, consisting of the latest styles in market.

OLDTOWN

MCKEE & BRO.

Wagon Grease,

THE best article in market. A large lot in store.

25¢ per bushel. TALLMAN & COLLINS.

TO THE PUBLIC.

UNTIL further notice we have concluded to take at par all Wisconsin funds, including the banks' bills, thrown out in the first class Millinery Store, and the same as the rest. The whole lot is now in hand, and the Banking Association were responsible for the redemption only until the first of December, 1861.

OLDTOWN

MCKEE & BRO.

Economy and Fashion!

450 CASES AND 450 BALES

OF

NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED BY

MCKEE & BRO.,

within the last 15 days! All of which are now

Opened, Marked and Ready for Sale.

AMONG them are the following:

100 CASES OF PRINTS,

containing 100,000 yards, consisting of Phillip Allen's, Wamsutter and American Print Works, being the entire stock of a New York Jobber, are all new Fall Styles, which, notwithstanding the advance on all Cotton Goods, we will sell until disposed of at 9¢ per yard, sold all over the Union at 10 to 15.

10,000 yards Madras Prints, at 25¢ per yard, worth 30¢.

3,500 yards Fancy Figured Delaines, at 1 shilling per yard.

4,500 yards best French and American Delaines, at 20¢ per yard. Sold in every city of the United States, except Janesville, at 25¢ per yard.

15,000 yards of various styles of

DRESS GOODS!

Latest Importations, averaging from 12 1/2¢ to 15¢ upward. 1 Small white and black Plaid, so much worn at present, just received. Also Fancy Plaid, so much called for.

300 pieces plain and fancy Merinos, all shades; having been purchased at auction, we can afford to sell them for less than cost of importation.

200 pieces all wool Delaine, bought as above, at 31¢ per yard, but will sell 50¢ per yard.

25 Pieces Lady's Cloth,

800 black and beavers, the latest style for cloaks, also all trimmings to match.

30 black cheap brown Factory, at 6¢ per yard.

25 black good heavy, yard wide Brown Sheddings, at 10¢.

We have more than our usual stock of

CANTON FLANNELS,

Ticking, Denim

